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#### **Directed Acyclic Graphs- solutions to exercises**

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## Exercise 1a: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



Low temperature= Mean yearly temp<10°C High temperature=Mean yearly temp >10°C

- 1. Write down the paths
- 2. Are they causal/noncausal, open, closed?
- 3. How would you get the
  - a) total effect
  - b) direct effect

## Solution 1a: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults

3.



Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Open
$E \longleftrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Open

## Solution 1a: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults

- 3.
- a) Total effect: Adjust for X1



Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Open
$E \longleftarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

#### Solution 1a: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults

- 3.
- a) Total effect: Adjust for X1
- b) Direct effect: adjust for X2 Or X3 Also X1??



Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Closed
$E \longleftrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow X3 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

## Exercise 1b: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



Low temperature= Mean yearly temp<10°C High temperature=Mean yearly temp >10°C

- Write down the paths
   Are they causal/noncausal, open, closed?
- 3. How would you get the1. total effect2. direct effect

## Solution 1b: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults





Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
E → D	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed (Collider)
$E \longleftrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Open
$E \longleftarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed (Collider)

## Solution 1b: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults

3.a)Total effect: Adjust for X1b) Direct effect:



Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
E → D	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Open
$E \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed
$E \longleftarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed
$E \longleftarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

## Solution 1b: Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults

3.a)Total effect: Adjust for X1b) Direct effect: not possible



Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed	
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open	
$E \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow D$	Causal (indirect)	Open	
$E \longrightarrow [X2] \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Open BIAS!	
$E \longleftarrow [X1] \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed	
$E \longleftarrow [X1] \longrightarrow [X2] \longleftarrow U \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed (confounder adjustment)	

# Exercise 2. Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



- 1. Write down all the paths
- 2. Are they open or closed, causal or non-causal?
- 3. How would you get the total effect of Outside temperature on Bone fracture?
- 4. Optional: How would you get the direct effect ?

# Solution 2. Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



3. Total effect: No adjustment necessary

Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longleftarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow X4 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

# Solution 2. Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



3. Total effect: No adjustment necessary
4. Direct effect (optional): Adjust for X1 or for X2 and X4

Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Closed
$E \longrightarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longrightarrow X3 \longleftarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed
$E \longrightarrow [X1] \longrightarrow X2 \longleftarrow X4 \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

# Solution 2. Temperature and the risk of bone fracture in older adults



3. Total effect: No adjustment necessary4. Direct effect (optional): Adjust for X1 or for X2 and X4

Path	Causal/non-causal	Open/closed
$E \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Open
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow D$	Causal	Closed
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow [X2] \longrightarrow X3 \longleftarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed
$E \longrightarrow X1 \longrightarrow [X2] \leftarrow [X4] \longrightarrow D$	Non-causal	Closed

#### Hypothetical analysis



	Bone fracture				
	Yes	No	Total personyears	Rate	RD
Low outside temperature	84	9,916	10,000	0.0084	0.0
High outside temperature	84	9,916	10,000	0.0084	

#### Sufficient causes for osteoporosis medication



#### Hypothetical analysis -restricting on X3



	Bone fracture					
	Yes	No	Total personyears	Rate	RD	
Low outside temperature	84	9,916	10,000	0.0084	0.0	
High outside temperature	84	9,916	10,000	0.0084		
Condition on X3 (medication use can only be due to falling as a result of slippery pavement from low outside temperature, or having experienced a bone fracture)						
Medication=yes						
Low outside temperature	84	9,916	10,000	0.0084	-0.99	
High outside temperature	84	0	84	1.0		